# KEY ACTIONS UNDER PILLAR 1 OF THE RETAIL PAYMENTS STRATEGY

(PROMOTE CORSS-BORDER EUROPEAN PAYMENT SOLUTIONS)



#### **INSTANT PAYMENTS**

November 2020



At the end of 2021



EC examines adherence rate and assesses whether legislation in view of mandatory adherence of PSPs by the end of 2021 will be required.



EC aims for the full uptake of instant payments in the EU.



EC to launch comprehensive review of the application and impact of PSD2, including assessment of consumer protection and consumer trust in instant payments



#### **DIGITAL IDENTITY AND PAYMENTS**

In 2022

By the end of 2023

In 2024



EC to carry out study on the level of acceptance of digital payments in the EU and to propose legislative action, if appropriate.

Full entry into force of Single Digital Gateway Regulation (1) to allow citizens and companies to perform a number of paperless procedures in all EU member states (e.g. via the equipment of public administrations with terminals for digital payments).

EC to implement a sound legal framework for interoperable digital identity solutions.



### CROSS-BOARDER PAYMENT SOLUTIONS

By the end of 2023



EC to explore the feasibility of a label and a visible logo for eligible pan-European payment solutions.



### **IBAN DISCRIMINATION (2)**

**Immediately** 



EC to closely monitor cases of non-compliance of EU member states with their enforcement obligations under the SEPA Regulation and to launch infringement procedures if necessary.



### AVAILABILITY AND ACCEPTANCE OF CASH

At the end of 2021



EC may decide to take appropriate action in view of protecting acceptance and availability of euro cash as unique legal tender.



## CENTRAL BANK DIGITAL CURRENCY

On a continuing basis



EC to work closely with the European Central Bank on objectives and policy options in view of the issuance of a euro retail Central Bank Digital Currency.

